## **Working with words**

# 1 Words Which word fits best? ▶☐ TB | p. 64-68

apply

classic

content

independence

Complete the sentences with the right words. Be careful: There are more words than you need.

importance

starting point

point out

impact

introduce

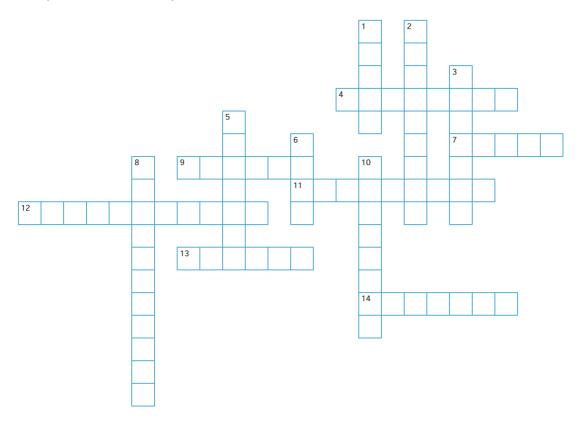
outline

fascinated

1	My dad likes Italian food. He doesn't nee	ed anything special.					
2	Our local paper is looking for a news reporter. – Well, I've always wanted to work as a journalist. Do						
	you think I should?						
3	I think that school has quite a strong on	how you grow up and who you become					
4	For most music stars, the of their career	was a small club.					
5	Let me you: This is my best friend, Billie. – Hi, I'm Robin.						
6	I love space travel. I'm by all the technology they invent for it.						
7	We went to the beach to watch the It was	as so romantic.					
8	This land is of great to the Native Americ	ans.					
9	Sorry, but that's my diary. Its is strictly p	rivate.					
10	Let me some of the rules in this museum	1.					
Words Similar words ►□ TB   p. 64–68 Complete the sentences with a word that means (almost) the same as the underlined expression.							
1	There were so many people. The place was <u>full</u> . It was really c						
2	It was a <u>normal</u> day at school. So we had the r	lessons.					
3	That's a nice <u>present</u> . Where did you get it? At a g	shop?					
4	Do the shoes <u>fit</u> with the rest of my outfit? – No, sorry. They don't	t m at all.					
5	That book <u>is about</u> the South, isn't it? – Yes, it d	with its history and culture.					
6	Are apples a <u>sort</u> of vegetable? – Oh no, they aren't. They are a t	of fruit.					
7	You need to <u>buy a ticket</u> to see the show. – How much is it? – A_	is \$ 12.					
8	I'm not getting <u>inside</u> that lift! I hate being w	such small spaces.					
9	She was very brave - Yes, she always showed a lot of c						

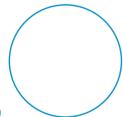
## Words Crossword Puzzle ► □ TB | p. 70-72

Complete the crossword puzzle.



#### **Across**

- 4 the country you come from
- 7 nice to eat; yummy



- 11 the members of your family who lived before you
- 12 moving to another country to live there



14 a person who lives in a particular country and has certain rights because of this

#### Down

- 1 the "boss" of a city
- 2 when people from different countries/cultures live together
- 3 a place where things are produced, e.g. cars



5



- 8 somebody who takes part in an activity
- 10 activity to find out more about something

### 4 Words Odd one out ►□ TB | p. 70-73

Cross out the word in each row that doesn't fit.

- 1 anniversary birthday jubilee memory
- 2 difference diversity immigration variety
- 3 about almost anyway- nearly
- 4 courage location place spot
- 5 to commemorate to conduct to hold to organize
- 6 to create to make to produce to promote
- 7 to aim at to go for a drive to take a ride to make a trip
- 8 to be fond of to enjoy to like to limit
- 9 and as well as diverse in addition to
- 10 afraid frightened scared tasty







## Words Missing words ►□ TB | p. 70-74

Complete the following sentences with a suitable word.

1	Emma and Jean forgot their homework.			
2	I still have wonderful of my great-grandmother.			
3	Are you going to see Adrian tomorrow? – Sure. We always	on Tuesday to play		
	badminton.			
4	I don't know the rules of cricket. Actually, I'm not at all interested. I find it quite boring			
	·			
5	Our city was founded exactly one thousand years ago. Of course we will	this		
	event.			
6	I've decided to put the books on my shelves in a different	: I'll sort them by		
	author, not by title.			
7	My sister says that organizing a wedding takes a lot of			
8	8 Our dog Gemma got lost during our camping trip on the weekend. My family and I			
	to find her.			

57

### Grammar: The gerund ►□ TB | p. 200

Wenn ein Verb wie ein Nomen genutzt wird, spricht man von einem **Gerundium** (*gerund*). Es wird im Englischen dadurch gebildet, dass man *-ing* an die Infinitivform des Verbs anhängt.

Giving a talk can be quite stressful. – Einen Vortrag zu halten kann recht stressig sein.

Das Gerundium kann sowohl als Subjekt als auch als ein Objekt des Satzes genutzt werden.

Subjekt: **Arriving on time** isn't something Mel is particularly good at. Objekt: I like **sleeping late on weekends**.

Besonders häufig tritt das Gerundium nach den folgenden Verben auf: avoid, enjoy, finish, hate, keep, love, like, miss, practise, prefer, suggest.

6 Compl		n <b>New York</b> ►□ τΒ p. 66 erunds where possible.	5–67, 200		
Anna:	Hi. Do you	(like / visit) Nev	w York?		
Chris:		(visit) New York is great fu	n. We		
	(enjoy / walk) through	the streets and		$_{\_}$ (look) at all the skyscrapers.	
		(See) all the different peop	ole	(travel / here) from all	
	parts of the world is just absolutely amazing.				
Anna:	Do you	(like / shop)?			
Chris:	Oh yes, we do. We		(be fond	of / look) for things to take home.	
	My dad (enjoy / hunt) for souvenirs, and mom				
		(take great	interest in /	find) vintage clothes from the 1970s.	
Anna:	Have you got plans	(visit)	Coney Islar	nd?	
Chris:	No, not really. Mom	(hate	/ go) to am	usement parks and my little brother	
	(prefer / visit) the Museum of Modern Art. He is a little artist				
	himself – he		(be	e really good at / paint) faces.	
Anna:	Then you should visit	the Metropolitan Museum!	They offer t	ours that include an art lesson.	
	Maybe all of you woul	d like to		(practise / draw).	
Chris:	Thanks for the tip!				

58